# **When Worlds Collide**

**Project Specifications vs. Sustainability Initiatives** 

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### **General Overview**

- General design philosophy
- Sustainable initiatives
- Conflicts



### **Sustainability from Two Perspectives**

### PRODUCT

- Raw materials
- Composite materials
- Recycled content
- Design decisions

### PROCESS

- Materials storage
- Manufacturing
- Transportation
- Waste management

#### SUSTAINABILITY IN CONCRETE

### **Another viewpoint to consider**

$$\int_{boundary \ conditions}^{\# \ of \ years} f(x) dx$$

- Where **x** is the:
  - Sustainability of the material(s) such as the mix design?
  - Resiliency of the project?

**Sustainable Product Design Philosophy** 

# Sustainability = <u> Design Requirement > Design Function</u> Time

- Design Requirement
  - Specified level of performance necessary
- Design Function
  - Specified intent for use of the structure from the Owner

# **Sustainable Design Philosophy**

# Design Requirement = PERFORMANCE

### Sustainability = Performance > Function Time

### Performance

 Expected result from the design as measured by a standard method

### • Function

Intended use of structure or structural element

### What about...

### Resilience

Ability to recover from or survive difficult and/or negative conditions.

# $Resilience = \frac{\text{Design} > \text{Function} + f(\text{Negative Conditions})}{\text{Time}}$

### Design

Specified level of performance necessary

### • Negative (or Difficult) Conditions

- Flood, wind, rain, tornado, hurricane, etc.

# $Resilience = \frac{Performance > Function + f(Negative)}{Time}$

### • Performance

 Expected result from the design as measured by a standard method

### • Function

- Intended use of structure or structural element
- Negative (or Difficult) Conditions
  - Flood, fire, tornado, hurricane, wind, rain, etc.

**Concrete Design Philosophy** 



- Generally accepted design approach
- Supported by Codes and Standards
- Don't have to exercise judgment
- Perception that it minimizes liability

$$Resilience = \frac{Performance > Function + f(Negative)}{Time}$$

- Does a traditional design approach create an inherent conflict with resilient and/or sustainable design?
- How do we alter the design approach?
- How do we solve the conflict in the field?

# RESILIENCE > SUSTAINABILITY

Traditional design approach (criteria)	Resilient and/or Sustainable design criteria
Slump	Recycled content (rate)
Max. aggregate size	Emissions footprint
Water content	Extraction and/or production proximity
Air content	Survivability
w/c ratio	Durability
Coarse agg content	Cost (first and life cycle)
Fine agg content	EPD (It is HERE!)

# **Traditional or Prescriptive Elements**

### • By the Code, or generally accepted design methods:

- Maximum w/cm
- Minimum cement content
- Limitations on pozzolanic replacement
- Air content
- Slump ranges not determined by Contractor
- Time and drum revolution limits
- None of these are "performance" based

### **Technology Example - HVFA**

- What happens over 30%?
  - History is not kind...
- Why not 40%, 50%, 60%?
- Equal performance
  - Set time, strength, etc.
- Changes in contracting
  - Finishing, curing, etc.
- Proprietary Mix Designs



### **Pervious Concrete**

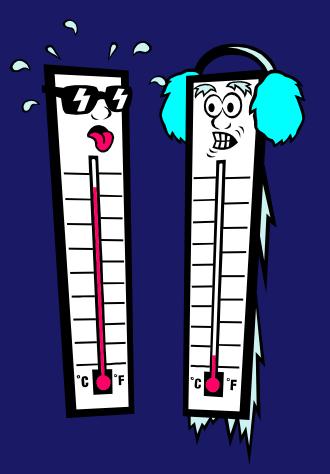
- No fines, porous
- Mono-sized
- %15 to 35% voids
- 8 to 20 gal/min/ft<sup>2</sup>
- 2000 to 4000 psi
- Fixed proportions?



Video provided by: http://www.chargerconcrete.com/perviousconcrete.htm, August 2004

### **Reflective Concrete...Cool Pavements**

- Higher reflectivity reduces air temperatures
  - 0.1 increase  $\approx$  10°F decrease
  - Heat island effect
- "Albedo" is unit of measurement
  - ASTM C1549
  - When is it measured?
- Function of available materials
  - Test panels are critical.
  - What if it does not work?



# **Innovation: Self Compacting Technology**

- Placement without segregation
- Non-segregating
- Free flowing
- Not a new concrete!
- Energy reduction???



# **Recycled Water and Stormwater**

- The problem we all have...
- ...we are at zero discharge
- Why would a specification not support its use?
- Batch panel controls
- Document each load



# **Issues and Challenges: <u>Engineers</u>**

- **Green Building = Performance**
- What performance is needed?
  - Verification of performance
  - Do your homework
- Be explicit, not implicit!
  - Set time
  - What strength at what day?
- Must see the mix design...why?



# **Issues and Challenges:** Architects

- Often don't understand own specification
- Material experience is rarely first hand, based on last major problem...
- What is the metric for performance?
- Cost awareness is essential!



# **Issues and Challenges:** Contractors

- "Any change is a bad change"
  - Changes in placing
  - Changes in finishing
- Someone else is the expert
- \$/ft<sup>2</sup> can be the deal breaker
- Performance is too good?
- Contradictions?
  - Remove the Environmental fee?!?

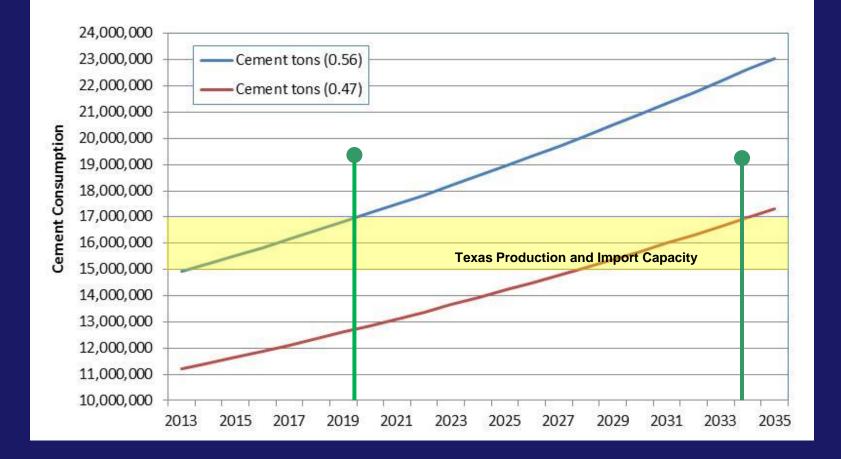


# **Issues and Challenges:** <u>Testing Labs</u>

- Verify performance for owner
  - Based on job specs (explicit!)
  - <u>NOT</u> based on speculation or assumption
- New concrete and old assumptions = problems
- Mix design?
- When to include in process



# **The Coming Apocalypse**





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